

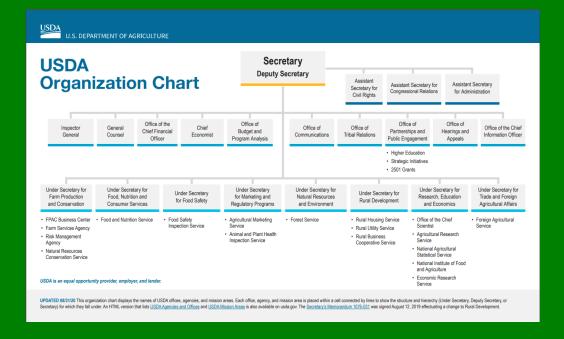


USDA Support for Shrimp Aquaculture

Caird Rexroad

Aquaculture National Program Leader
(caird.rexroadiii@usda.gov) 304 620 5234

USDA: 8 Mission Areas 11 Offices 16 Agencies





Farm Production and Conservation, FPAC (4)



Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services, FNCS (1)



Food Safety, FS (1)



Marketing and Regulatory Programs, MRP (2)



Natural Resources and Environment, NRE (1)



Research Education and Economics, REE (4)



Rural Development, RD (3)



Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs, TFAA (1)

https://www.usda.gov/topics/farming/aquaculture

Animals

Biotechnology

Broadband

Conservation

Coronavirus

Data

Disaster Resource Center

Farming

Aguaculture

Aquaculture is Agriculture

Coexistence

Crop Production

Crop and Livestock Insurance

Grants and Loans

New Farmers

Resources for Small and Mid-Sized Farmers

Food and Nutrition

Forestry

Health and Safety

Invasive Species

Opioids

Organic

Plants

Recreation

Research and Science

Rural

Trade

Urban Agriculture

Aquaculture is the production of aquatic organisms under controlled conditions throughout part or all their lifecycle. Its development can help meet future food needs and ease burdens on natural resources.



USDA is providing leadership to ensure that a healthy, competitive, and sustainable aquaculture sector can produce an abundant, safe, and affordable supply of seafood products. USDA scientists support and conduct research that develop new aquaculture technologies and systems that maintain healthy ecosystems, evaluate aquatic animal health, and inform consumers on the healthfulness and sustainability of responsible aquaculture production. Our aquaculture research, education, and extension activities also create jobs and train a skilled workforce in rural communities.



The National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) Subcommittee on Agriculture coordinates aquaculture activities with USDA and across the Federal Government. USDA coordinates activities within the Department through its Working Group on Aquaculture to:

- 1. Continually Improve USDA Customer Service to Aquaculture Community; and
- 2. Provide USDA Support for a Federal Economic Development Initiative on Aquaculture.

<u>Aquaculture is Agriculture: USDA's Role in Supporting Farmers of Fish, Shellfish, and Aquatic</u>
Plants



In the fall of 2020, the Research, Education, and Economics (REE) mission area, including the Office of the Chief Scientist (OCS), and the USDA Working Group on Aquaculture provided an opportunity for the domestic aquaculture industry to tell USDA how we can best serve this farming community. The USDA Aquaculture is Agriculture Colloquium drew over 300 participants from industry, academia, state agencies, tribal agencies, and federal agencies. A summary of the priorities identified in the Colloquium by aquaculture stakeholders, federal program managers, the research community, natural resource regulators, and others to help guide future program directions and potential investments may be found in this white paper (PDF, 546 KB).

Seventeen USDA Agencies fall under eight Mission Areas to support aquaculture through their leadership in the following programs. USDA primarily supports aquaculture through the programs administered in the following Mission Areas and Agencies.

- Mission Area: Food Safety
- Mission Area: Marketing and Regulatory Programs (MRP)
- Mission Area: Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services
- Mission Area: Farm Production and Conservation (FPAC)
- Mission Area: Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs (TFAA)
- Mission Area: Research, Education, and Economics (REE)
- Mission Area: Rural Development (RD)

https://www.usda.gov/topics/farming/aquaculture

- Mission Area: Food Safety
- Mission Area: Marketing and Regulatory Programs (MRP)
- Mission Area: Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services
- Mission Area: Farm Production and Conservation (FPAC)
- ▼ Mission Area: Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs (TFAA)
- Mission Area: Research, Education, and Economics (REE)
- Mission Area: Rural Development (RD)

- Mission Area: Food Safety
- Mission Area: Marketing and Regulatory Programs (MRP)

Marketing and Regulatory Programs facilitates domestic and international marketing of U.S. agricultural products and ensures the health and care of animals and plants. MRP agencies are active participants in setting national and international standards.

Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) administer programs that create domestic and international marketing opportunities for U.S. producers of seafood. AMS also provides the aquaculture industry with valuable services to ensure the quality and availability of wholesome food for consumers across the country.

- Under the <u>1996 Commodity Promotion</u>, <u>Research and Information Act</u> both the Secretary and Industry Organizations could propose <u>checkoff programs</u> that would support research and/or marketing programs.
- AMS could continue procuring aquacultured commodities for federal nutrition assistance programs.
- · AMS could develop organic standards for aquaculture under the National Organic Program.

Contact: Melissa R. Bailey, Ph.D., Associate Deputy Administrator, Livestock & Poultry Program

<u>Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service</u> (APHIS) mission area includes protecting and promoting U.S. agricultural health and administering the Animal Health Protection Act.

- APHIS serves as the lead Federal agency for preventing, controlling, and eliminating aquatic
 animal diseases and for oversight of aquatic animal health programs. This Act gives the
 Secretary of Agriculture the authority to regulate imports, exports, and interstate commerce
 of all animals and their pests/pathogens should they pose a risk to domestic livestock.
- APHIS is the competent authority to lead and negotiate import and export animal health requirements in order to protect domestic livestock and natural resources.
- APHIS houses the Chief Veterinary Medical Officer (CVO) for the U.S who is responsible for reporting detections of all OIE listed pathogens.
- The Secretary has the authority to hold, seize, treat, or prohibit and restrict the movement of any farm-raised animals including those cultured in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ).

Contacts:

<u>Kathleen H. Hartman</u>, Aquaculture Program Leader, Veterinary Services
<u>Alicia R Marston</u>, Live Animal Imports & Exports- Aquaculture Specialist, Veterinary Services

- ▼ Mission Area: Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services
- Mission Area: Farm Production and Conservation (FPAC)

Aquaculture is **Agriculture** Colloquium



USDA's Role in Supporting Farmers of Fish, Shellfish, and Aquatic Plants

- Hosted by 12 USDA Agencies
- Listening Sessions for Input on:
 - Aquaculture Production Research
 - > Aquatic Animal Health
 - > Environmental Management
 - > Aquaculture and Wildlife Interactions
 - Production Innovation and Technology
 - Product and Consumer Marketing
 - Supporting Aquaculture
- 35 Recommendations to USDA
- https://www.usda.gov/topics/farming/aquaculture/aquaculture-agriculture

2022 Census of Agriculture

- USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service
- 5,961 Aquaculture farms with sales >\$1000, 1,900,487 farms in US
- \$2,270,147,000 Farm Gate value
- .3% of farms
- .4% value of agricultural products sold
- 5350 farms, \$1,778,587,000 in 2017



United States

Summary and State Data

Volume 1 • Geographic Area Series • Part 51

AC-22-A-51

Issued February 2024

United States Department of Agriculture Tom Vilsack, Secretary National Agricultural Statistics Service Hubert Hamer, Administrator

Table 31. Aquaculture Sales: 2022 and 2017

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]

	2022		2017	
Item	Farms	Value (\$1,000)	Farms	Value (\$1,000)
Catfish	646	428,754	921	404,861
Trout	836	299,488	947	286,330
Other food fish	756	327,772	721	282,627
Baitfish	320	56,361	252	44,247
Crustaceans	1,108	200,613	798	96,397
Mollusks	1,535	545,479	1,175	354,274
Ornamental fish	422	82,653	469	49,918
Sport or game fish	680	139,574	631	115,340
Other aquaculture products	502	189,452	352	144,592

*No shrimp specific data Crabs, lobsters, crawfish, prawns, shrimp, & "other"

2022 Census of Agriculture - UNITED STATES DATA

USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service

United States 23

2022 Census of Aquaculture

- USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service
- Follows Census of Agriculture
- Volume 3 Special Studies Part 2 Issued December 2019
- Every five years, higher level of resolution, following the Census of Agriculture
- Tracks information from farmers who responded to the Census of Agriculture
- December 16, 2024



2018 Census of Aquaculture

Volume 3 · Special Studies · Part 2

AC-17-SS-2

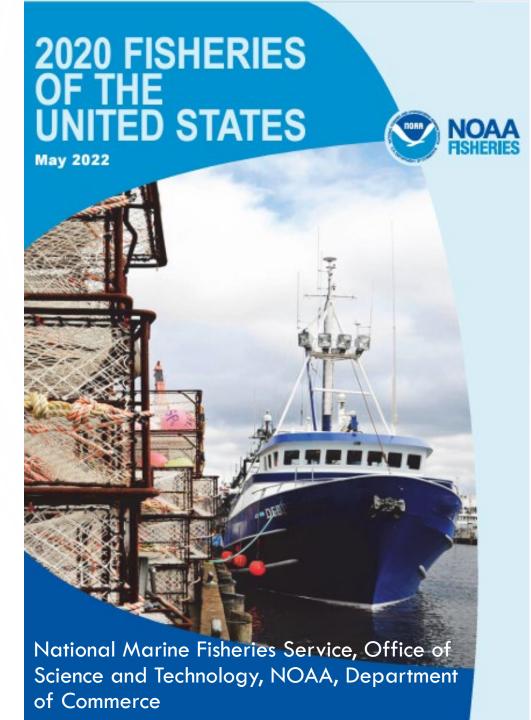
Issued December 2019

United States Department of Agriculture Sonny Perdue, Secretary National Agricultural Statistics Service Hubert Hamer, Administrator

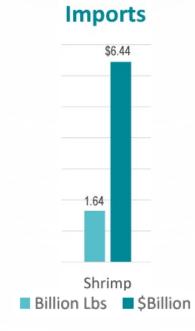
2018 USDA NASS Census of Aquaculture Table 18. Crustacean Sales by Species: 2018 and 2013, Shrimp, Saltwater

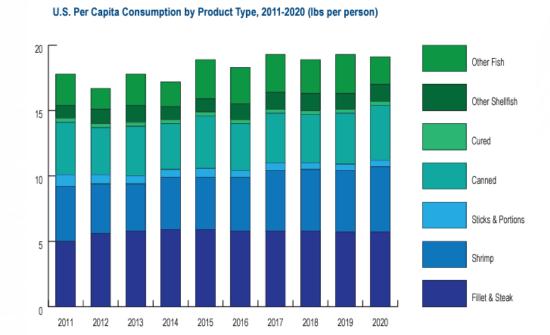
	2	2018	2013		
	Farms	Sales	Farms	Sales	
United States	39	\$45,626,000	56	\$43,214,000	
Alabama	1		8		
Colorado	1				
Florida	11		9		
Georgia			2		
Hawaii	10		7		
Idaho	1				
Illinois			1		
Iowa	2		2		
Kentucky	2				
Louisiana			9		
Maryland			1		
Massachusetts			1		
Minnesota	1		1		
Missouri	2				
Nebraska	1				
New Hampshire	2				
Ohio	1				
South Carolina			3		
Texas	4		9		
Virginia			1		
Washington			2		

Aquaculture: Released December 19, 2019, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, U.S. Department of Agriculture.



	ES	timated U.S. A	quaculture Pr	oduction		
Species		2018		2019		
	Thousand pounds	Metric tons	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Metric tons	Thousand dollars
Freshwater:						
Catfish	350,343	158,915	341,915	347,990	157,847	361,910
Striped bass	8,688	3,941	32,800	8,688	3,941	3,941
Tilapia	14,436	6,548	37,986	14,436	6,548	37,986
Trout	49,316	22,370	95,856	33,778	15,322	66,292
Crawfish	160,235	72,682	210,595	162,426	73,676	223,630
Total Freshwater	583,018	264,455	719,152	567,318	257,334	693,758
Marine:		-				
Salmon	36,355	16,491	66,536	31,931	14,484	64,262
Clams	10,778	4,889	122,119	10,714	4,860	122,038
Mussels	862	391	9,883	952	432	11,479
Oysters	44,729	20,289	219,234	42,311	19,192	221,217
Shrimp	4,486	2,035	12,556	4,486	2,035	11,215







ARS AQUACULTURE NATIONAL PROGRAM 106



- AQUACULTURE 1/15 NATIONAL PROGRAMS
- FOOD SAFETY, CROPS, HUMAN NUTRITION, ANIMAL PRODUCTION
- 15 "PERMANENT" PROJECTS
- 67 SCIENTISTS
- 15 FUNDED COLLABORATORS
- 17 LABORATORY SITES
- 14 STATES



ARS ROLE



- Inherently Federal
- Work with stakeholders to identify constraints to improving production, production efficiency, product quality, healthfulness, sustainability and/or animal welfare that we have the resources and expertise to address
- Develop science-based approaches that complement industry efforts and capacity for problem solving
- Conduct Research and Technology Transfer
- Focus on pre-competitive research that can be facilitated through partnering, including public-private partnerships
- Accountability for taxpayer funds spent on projects



RESEARCH PRIORITIES





Presidential and Secretary Initiatives



Congress

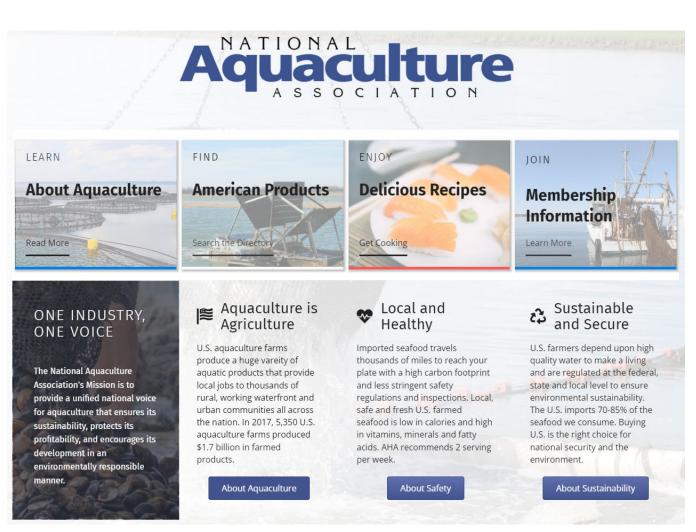


- Customers/Stakeholders
 - Producers
 - Support Industries
 - Allied Organizations

Stakeholder Driven Research

What is needed from ARS that we have the expertise and capacity to provide?

- Genetics
- Nutrition
- Pests and Pathogens
- Management Practices
- Systems
- Product Quality



https://www.nationalaquaculture.org/



USDA ARS National Program 106 Aquaculture Action Plan 2025 – 2029

Action Plan Components

- Improving the Efficiency and Sustainability of Catfish Aquaculture
- 2) Improving the Efficiency and Sustainability of **Salmonid** Aquaculture
- 3) Improving the Efficiency and Sustainability of Bass and Baitfish Aquaculture
- 4) Enhancing **Molluscan and Crustacean**Aquaculture
- 5) Developing Marine Finfish Seedstocks
- 6) Developing Sustainable **Aquaponic** Production Systems
- 7) Enhancing **Tilapia** Aquaculture Production

*Macroalgae

REDUCING ON-FARM LOSSES TO DISEASE IN CRUSTACEAN AQUACULTURE

AUBURN, AL 2025 - 2029

- INPUT FROM FARMERS, APHIS, AND CONGRESS
- PRIMARY CUSTOMERS ARE SHRIMP AND CRAWFISH PRODUCERS.
- COLLABORATION WITH AUBURN UNIVERSITY

OBJECTIVE 1: DEVELOP STRATEGIES TO PREVENT WHITE SPOT SYNDROME VIRUS AND *VIBRIO* SPP. OUTBREAKS IN CRUSTACEAN AQUACULTURE.

OBJECTIVE 2: IDENTIFY CONSTRAINTS TO INTENSIFIED SHRIMP AQUACULTURE PRODUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE AND LATE-TERM MORTALITIES.

• DIAGNOSTICS FOR WSSV ISOLATES, FUNCTIONAL FEEDS, IDENTIFY FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH LATE TERM MORTALITY, LOW SALINITY PRODUCTION PRACTICES, DIETARY FORMULATIONS IMPROVE WELL-BEING

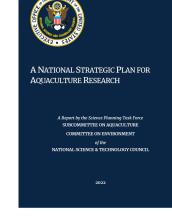
National Aquaculture Policy

"Congress declares that aquaculture has the potential for reducing the United States trade deficit in fisheries products, for augmenting existing commercial and recreational fisheries, and for producing other renewable resources, thereby assisting the United States in meeting its future food needs and contributing to the solution of world resource problems. It is, therefore, in the national interest, and it is the national policy, to encourage the development of aquaculture in the United States."

National Aquaculture Act 1980

National Strategic Plan for Aquaculture Research (2022) www.ars.usda.gov/sca

- Goal 1. Develop Economic Growth through Aquaculture
 - Objective 1.1: Identify market opportunities for U.S. aquaculture products
 - o Objective 1.2: Enable science-based expansion of domestic aquaculture
 - o Objective 1.3: Educate and train a skilled aquaculture workforce
- Goal 2. Improve Aquaculture Production Technologies and Inform Decision-making
 - Objective 2.1: Provide farmers with access to improved genetics
 - o Objective 2.2: Develop production technologies that minimize environmental impacts
 - Objective 2.3: Advance fish nutrition and feed production technologies
 - Objective 2.4: Improve engineering systems for aquaculture
- Goal 3. Uphold Animal Well-Being, Product Safety, and Nutritional Value
 - o Objective 3.1: Develop strategies to protect the health and well-being of aquaculture species
 - Objective 3.2: Promote the safety and nutritional value of U.S. aquaculture products





National Strategic Plan for Aquaculture Research (2022) www.ars.usda.gov/sca

- Inclusive of commercial (i.e., food production, ornamental), conservation and recreation aquaculture
- Freshwater and marine
- Finfish, shellfish and macroalgae
- Describes Federal research capacity
- Action items by Agency

- Draws on existing resources and capacity
- Annual reporting by agency in one report
- Updates at Aquaculture America Federal Town Hall
- Written in parallel with the Regulatory Efficiency Plan
- 1/3 plans that will be an update of the National Aquaculture Development Plan (1983)
- Complement Regulator Efficiency and Economic Development Plans as part of updated National Aquaculture Development Plan





Goals

Address High Priority Challenges

Optimize Use of Existing Federal Resources

Identify Areas of Collaboration

Avoid Duplication

Products greater than sum of parts

Maximize impact





Summary

- ARS CONDUCTS AQUACULTURE RESEARCH FOR FRESHWATER AND MARINE FISH AND SHELLFISH
- RESEARCH DIRECTED BY GUIDANCE FROM CONGRESS AND THE ADMINISTRATION, INFORMED BY PRODUCERS
- PARTNERSHIPS ARE A CRITICAL COMPONENT OF OUR PROGRAM
- ARS HAS ONE PROJECT FOCUSING ON SHRIMP AQUACULTURE
- NIFA SUPPORT AQUACULTURE RESEARCH (BASIC AND APPLIED, SBIR), ERS CONDUCTS AQUACULTURE ECONOMIC RESEARCH, NASS HAS CENSUS AND SURVEYS
- MANY OTHER RELEVANT PROGRAMS ACROSS 7 MISSION AREAS RELATED TO MARKETING, HEALTH,
 CONSERVATION, RISK MANAGEMENT, FARM SERVICES, NUTRITION, ETC...